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COURSE BROCHURE

Advanced Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment Training Course

20 June – 1 July 2027
Istanbul

jupiterprime.uk

info@jupiterprime.uk

Registered in the United Kingdom and Saudi Arabia

Advanced Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment Training Course

Ref: 2760_105544 **Date:** 20 June – 1 July 2027 **Location:** Istanbul **Fees:** 8500 GBP

Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment is a 2-week advanced training course for strategy office staff and department heads who write, cascade and score quarterly goals, and who leave with a Quarterly Alignment Map linking every unit objective to the organisational plan. As planning cycles shorten and priorities shift between quarters, organisations need goals that stay connected across units. Jupiter Prime Training delivers this course on objectives and key results planning and alignment.

Why Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment Matters Now

Three pressures shape goal setting today. Annual plans age quickly when markets, funding and technology move within a quarter. Executive committees expect line units to show how their effort supports a small set of organisational priorities rather than a long list of activities. Staff, for their part, want ambitious goals they can influence and see progress on each week. An organisation that writes clear objectives with measurable key results focuses scarce capacity and spots drift early; one that treats them as a reporting exercise multiplies goals, hides dependencies and loses trust in the scoring.

Who Gains Most from Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment

- Strategy office staff who run the quarterly goal-setting calendar and consolidate unit submissions
- Department heads accountable for turning organisational priorities into unit objectives
- Performance analysts who build scoring rules, dashboards and progress narratives
- Portfolio and transformation leads whose initiatives depend on cross-unit key results
- Function leads in finance and people teams who connect budgets and appraisals to quarterly goals

A strategy office attending with two or three department heads gains most, because the cascade, the check-in rhythm and the scoring rules can be agreed together.

Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment Capabilities

Participants move from drafting single objectives to steering a connected set of quarterly goals across units and reporting levels.

- Design objectives and measurable key results with baselines and stretch levels — executive committee priorities
- Align unit goals vertically and horizontally through shared key results — department heads and peer units
- Weigh committed against aspirational goals and capacity limits — quarterly resourcing choices
- Build check-in agendas, confidence ratings and scoring rules — weekly unit conversations

- Assess grading results and retrospective findings — next-quarter planning decisions
- Communicate progress narratives that separate signal from noise — boards and staff

Key Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment Terms

- Objective — a qualitative, time-bound statement of what a unit wants to achieve and why it matters this quarter.
- Key result — a measurable outcome with a baseline and target that shows whether the objective has been reached.
- Cascade — the process of translating organisational objectives into linked unit and team goals across reporting levels.
- Horizontal alignment — agreement between peer units on shared or dependent key results so that effort is not duplicated.
- Confidence rating — a regular estimate, often on a simple scale, of how likely a key result is to be achieved.
- Grading — the end-of-cycle scoring of each key result, used for learning and planning rather than individual reward.

Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment Day by Day

Day 1: Planning Context and Goal Logic

- Organisational Priorities Scan — Which Themes Deserve Quarterly Goals
- Outputs Versus Outcomes Distinction — What Counts As A Result
- Goal Hierarchy From Mission To Unit — Where Each Objective Sits
- Planning Horizon Choice — Annual Themes Against Quarterly Cycles
- Readiness Diagnostic For Goal Practice — Starting Scope And Pace

Day 2: Writing Objectives

- Objective Statement Patterns — Clarity Of Intent For Every Reader
- Ambition Calibration — Committed Goals Against Aspirational Goals
- Objective Count Limits — Focus Versus Coverage Of The Unit
- Ownership Assignment — Single Accountable Owner Per Objective
- Objective Quality Checklist — Approval Before The Cycle Opens

Day 3: Writing Key Results

- Baseline And Target Setting — Realistic Starting Point For Measurement
- Leading And Lagging Key Results — Early Signals Of Progress
- Metric Versus Milestone Key Results — When Delivery Steps Qualify
- Counter-Metric Pairing — Guarding Quality Against Volume Targets
- Data Source Specification — Who Reports Each Number And How

Day 4: Vertical Cascade

- Top-Down And Bottom-Up Drafting — Balance Between Direction And Insight
- Contribution Mapping — How Unit Results Feed Organisational Goals
- Translation Sessions With Department Heads — Agreeing Unit Interpretations
- Orphan Goal Detection — Removing Work That Links To Nothing
- Cascade Depth Rules — How Far Down Goals Should Travel

Day 5: Horizontal Alignment

- Dependency Mapping Between Units — Hidden Blockers To Key Results
- Shared Key Results — Joint Ownership Across Peer Functions
- Alignment Conversations Agenda — Resolving Conflicting Unit Targets
- Capacity Check Against Initiatives — What Each Unit Can Absorb
- Escalation Path For Goal Conflicts — Who Breaks A Deadlock

Day 6: Quarterly Cycle Design

- Cycle Calendar Design — Drafting, Approval, Check-In And Grading Dates
- Annual Themes To Quarterly Goals — Continuity Between Cycles
- Budget And Headcount Linkage — Funding Decisions Tied To Goals
- Mid-Quarter Change Rules — When A Goal May Be Rewritten
- Goal Repository Structure — Single Source Of Truth For Units

Day 7: Check-Ins and Confidence Tracking

- Weekly Check-In Agenda — Progress, Confidence And Blockers
- Confidence Rating Scales — Early Warning For Slipping Results
- Progress Narrative Writing — What Changed And What Comes Next
- Monthly Unit Review Format — Leadership Attention On Red Results
- Facilitation Of Difficult Check-Ins — Honest Reporting Without Blame

Day 8: Scoring and Retrospectives

- Grading Scales For Key Results — Consistent End-Of-Cycle Scoring
- Separating Goals From Appraisal — Protecting Ambition And Candour
- Quarter Retrospective Method — Lessons For The Next Cycle
- Score Pattern Analysis Across Units — Sandbagging And Overreach Signals
- Recognition Practices For Learning — Rewarding Insight Over Scores

Day 9: Sector Cases and Scaling

- Healthcare Service Network Case — Patient Access Goals Across Sites
- Logistics Operator Case — Shared Delivery Results Between Depots
- Rollout Sequencing Across Divisions — Pilot Units To Full Coverage
- Goal Practice Champions Network — Coaching Capacity Inside Units
- Common Failure Patterns — Too Many Goals And Task Lists

Day 10: Practising the Quarterly Alignment Map

- Drafting Unit Objectives From Day 2 Patterns — Peer Critique
- Applying Cascade And Dependency Maps — Linking Three Unit Levels
- Rehearsing A Check-In And Grading Session — Feedback On Facilitation
- Cycle Calendar For The Coming Quarter — Dates And Owners
- Completing The Quarterly Alignment Map — Ready For Executive Sign-Off

Applying Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment After the Course

- Lead one alignment conversation between two dependent units to agree a shared key result and its data source for the next quarter.
- Run a quarter retrospective with one department, grading its key results and feeding three lessons into the next goal-setting round.

Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment Questions FAQ

What is objectives and key results planning and alignment, and why does it matter now?

It is the practice of setting a few ambitious objectives, measuring them with key results and linking them across units. It matters now because shorter planning cycles leave little room for goals that drift apart or measure activity instead of outcomes.

Which roles gain most from objectives and key results planning and alignment?

Strategy office staff and department heads gain most, since they run the cycle and translate priorities into unit goals. Performance analysts, portfolio leads and finance or people leads also benefit when budgets, initiatives and appraisals must connect to the same quarterly goals.

How does objectives and key results planning and alignment differ from a course on management by objectives or a balanced set of indicators?

It focuses on quarterly, outcome-based goals with stretch levels, shared key results and frequent check-ins. Courses on management by objectives centre on annual individual targets and appraisal, while indicator-based courses build steady measures for monitoring routine performance.

What do you bring back from objectives and key results planning and alignment?

You bring back a Quarterly Alignment Map for your own units, with written objectives, key results, owners, dependencies and a cycle calendar. You also bring check-in agendas and grading rules you can use in the first week back.

Objectives and Key Results Planning and Alignment: The Way Forward

The Quarterly Alignment Map first informs which unit goals the executive committee approves for the coming quarter. Strategy office staff use it to run check-ins and department heads use it to agree shared key results with peers. After the first grading round, revisit the balance between committed and aspirational goals and the depth of the cascade.