JUPITER PRIME

Consulting • Training • Advisory

جوبيتر برايم للاستشارات والتدريب

COURSE BROCHURE

Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection Training Course

6 – 10 December 2026
Manama

jupiterprime.uk

info@jupiterprime.uk

Registered in the United Kingdom and Saudi Arabia

Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection Training Course

Ref: 3056_115992 **Date:** 6 – 10 December 2026 **Location:** Manama **Fees:** 5500 GBP

Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection is a 1-week training course for electrical engineers, technicians and inspectors in process plants, and each participant drafts a hazardous area equipment inspection plan for their own site. Flammable gases, vapours and combustible dusts turn an ordinary spark or hot surface into an ignition source. Jupiter Prime Training treats this subject as a chain from classification drawing to cable gland.

Why Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection Matters Now

Three forces shape this work today. Refineries, gas plants and chemical sites are extending the life of ageing units, so old protected equipment needs proof it still meets its protection concept. Contract crews rotate quickly, which makes inconsistent glanding and unauthorised modifications more likely. And insurers increasingly ask for a recorded inspection history before renewing cover. Plants that manage explosion-protected equipment well avoid fires and unplanned shutdowns; plants that do not lose integrity one missing bolt or painted-over label at a time. The course rests on internationally recognised principles of area classification and equipment protection.

Who Gains Most from Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection

- Engineers who specify protected equipment for new units and plant modifications
- Technicians who install, terminate and gland cables in classified zones
- Inspectors who carry out visual, close and detailed checks on installed apparatus
- Maintenance planners who schedule repairs and keep the equipment dossier current
- Permit issuers who authorise electrical work where flammable atmospheres may be present

A plant electrical maintenance department gains most when several members attend together, sharing one logic from classification to inspection.

Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection Capabilities

Participants handle real enclosures, glands and nameplates.

- Interpret area classification drawings, zone boundaries and gas or dust groups — the engineer selecting equipment for a new unit
- Specify a protection concept and temperature class that match the zone — the purchasing decision for replacement apparatus
- Decode equipment marking and certificate conditions on nameplates — the technician accepting equipment on site
- Apply correct cable gland selection, sealing and earthing practice — the integrity of every termination
- Assess installed equipment through visual, close and detailed inspection grades — the inspector reporting defects
- Build an inspection schedule that sets grade, interval and sample size by risk — the maintenance planner allocating resources

Key Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection Terms

- Zone — a category describing how often an explosive atmosphere is likely at a location.
- Protection concept — the design principle that stops equipment igniting the surrounding atmosphere.
- Temperature class — the highest surface temperature equipment may reach in service.
- Gas group — a grouping of flammable gases by how easily they ignite.
- Flamepath — the machined gap in a flameproof enclosure that cools escaping gases.
- Equipment dossier — records holding drawings, certificates and inspection history for protected apparatus.

Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection Day by Day

Day 1: Ignition Hazards and Area Classification

- Fire Triangle, Flash Point and Explosive Limits — Judging Where Atmospheres Form
- Release Sources, Grades of Release and Ventilation — Setting Zone Extent
- Gas, Vapour and Combustible Dust Zones — Separating Different Hazard Types
- Area Classification Drawings and Schedules — Reading Boundaries on Plant Layouts
- Gas Groups and Ignition Temperatures — Matching Hazards to Equipment Ratings

Day 2: Equipment Protection Concepts

- Flameproof Enclosures and Flamepath Care — Containing Internal Explosions Safely
- Increased Safety Terminals and Motors — Preventing Arcs and Hot Spots
- Intrinsically Safe Circuits and Barriers — Limiting Energy in Instrument Loops
- Pressurised, Encapsulated and Oil-Immersed Equipment — Choosing Alternatives for Special Cases
- Equipment Protection Levels Against Zones — Confirming Suitability for Each Location

Day 3: Selection, Marking and Installation

- Nameplate Marking and Certificate Special Conditions — Accepting Equipment at Receipt
- Cable Types, Armour and Barrier Glands — Sealing Terminations Against Gas Migration
- Earthing and Bonding of Protected Equipment — Removing Static and Fault Hazards
- Motors Fed by Variable Speed Drives — Controlling Surface Temperature Rise
- Installation Records and Verification Dossier — Proving As-Built Compliance

Day 4: Inspection Grades and Maintenance

- Initial, Periodic and Sample Inspection Types — Planning Coverage Across the Plant
- Visual, Close and Detailed Inspection Checklists — Grading Depth of Examination
- Common Defects in Glands, Covers and Seals — Prioritising Corrective Repairs
- Isolation, Gas Testing and Hot Work Permits — Opening Enclosures Without Ignition Risk
- Repair, Overhaul and Modification Controls — Preserving Original Protection Integrity

Day 5: Applying Inspection to a Process Unit

- Walkdown of a Sample Unit Layout — Applying Classification and Zone Reading
- Defect Spotting on Training Enclosures — Applying Inspection Grade Checklists
- Equipment Suitability Audit Against Marking — Applying Selection Rules
- Risk-Based Interval and Sample Size Setting — Balancing Coverage With Resources
- Drafting the Hazardous Area Equipment Inspection Plan — Completing the Site Work Product

Applying Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection After the Course

- Lead a close inspection of one process area using the checklist.
- Compare one unit's equipment dossier with its classification drawing and flag misrated apparatus.

Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection Questions FAQ

What is hazardous area electrical installation and inspection and why does it matter now?

It is the selection, fitting and checking of electrical equipment where flammable gas or dust may be present. Ageing plants make recorded proof of equipment integrity vital.

Which roles gain most from hazardous area electrical installation and inspection?

Electrical engineers, technicians and inspectors in process plants gain most. You benefit if you specify, terminate or inspect protected apparatus.

How does hazardous area electrical installation and inspection differ from a general earthing or process safety course?

It focuses on the electrical equipment itself inside classified zones. A general earthing course covers grounding systems across a site, while a process safety course covers wider hazard studies.

What do you bring back from hazardous area electrical installation and inspection?

You bring back a draft inspection schedule for your own site. It sets grades, intervals and sample sizes.

Hazardous Area Electrical Installation and Inspection: The Way Forward

The hazardous area equipment inspection plan informs the first decision: which units receive detailed inspection in the next shutdown window. Inspectors and maintenance planners use it to allocate effort. After the first cycle, revisit the sample sizes, since defect rates found in the field show where intervals can safely lengthen or must shorten.