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COURSE BROCHURE

Environmental Impact Assessment and Statement Preparation Training Course

27 September – 1 October 2027
Milan

Environmental Impact Assessment and Statement Preparation Training Course

Ref: 557_20597 **Date:** 27 September – 1 October 2027 **Location:** Milan **Fees:** 7200 GBP

Environmental Impact Assessment and Statement Preparation is a 1-week training course for environmental consultants, project planners and HSE specialists who screen, scope and assess proposed developments, and who leave with an Environmental Impact Statement Review Matrix. Lenders, permitting bodies and affected communities now scrutinise impact statements more closely before a project proceeds. Jupiter Prime Training offers this course for practitioners who prepare or check impact statements.

Why Environmental Impact Assessment Matters Now

Three groups shape environmental impact assessment today: permitting bodies that reject statements with thin baselines or vague mitigation, project lenders whose environmental and social conditions follow the assessment into construction, and communities who expect to be consulted before land, water or air quality changes. A project with a sound assessment moves through approval with fewer surprises; one with a weak statement faces redesign, delay or opposition. The course follows the stages set out in the EIA training resource manual of UNEP, the United Nations environment agency, and the practice guidance of the International Association for Impact Assessment IAIA.

Who Gains Most from Environmental Impact Assessment

- Consultants who write baseline chapters and impact predictions for proposed projects
- Planners who fold screening and scoping results into project schedules and designs
- HSE specialists who turn mitigation commitments into site controls
- Reviewers who check impact statements before submission or approval
- Community liaison staff who run consultation meetings and record concerns

A project company or consultancy that sends a planner, an author and a reviewer together gains most, because they share one view of what a sound statement contains.

Environmental Impact Assessment Capabilities

Participants move from filling in a statement template to judging whether each chapter answers the questions raised at scoping.

- Apply screening criteria and scoping matrices to a proposed project — project sponsors deciding assessment depth
- Specify baseline surveys for air, water, soil, ecology and social conditions — consultants planning fieldwork
- Assess impact magnitude and receptor sensitivity to rate significance — reviewers and permitting bodies
- Design mitigation following the mitigation hierarchy — engineers and site HSE leads
- Build an environmental management plan with monitoring and responsibilities — contractors and operators

- Test an impact statement against a review checklist — approvers and lenders

Key Environmental Impact Assessment Terms

- Screening — the first step that decides whether a project needs a full assessment, a limited one or none.
- Scoping — identifying the issues, alternatives and study boundaries the assessment must cover in depth.
- Baseline — the existing environmental and social conditions against which project changes are predicted.
- Significance — a judgement combining the magnitude of an impact with the sensitivity of the receptor it affects.
- Mitigation hierarchy — the order of avoid, minimise, restore and offset applied when designing mitigation measures.
- Environmental management plan — the document that turns mitigation commitments into actions, monitoring and named responsibilities.

Environmental Impact Assessment Day by Day

Day 1: The EIA Process and Its Stakeholders

- UNEP EIA Process Stages — Tracing Screening Through to Follow-Up
- Project Description and Alternatives — Framing What the Assessment Compares
- Screening Criteria and Thresholds — Deciding the Depth of Assessment
- Stakeholder Mapping for Impact Assessment — Identifying Affected Groups Early
- Lender Environmental and Social Requirements — Linking Finance to Assessment Quality

Day 2: Scoping and Baseline Studies

- Scoping Matrices and Issue Lists — Selecting Topics for Detailed Study
- Terms of Reference for the Assessment — Agreeing Study Boundaries and Methods
- Air, Noise and Water Baseline Surveys — Recording Existing Conditions
- Ecological and Habitat Surveys — Identifying Sensitive Receptors
- Socio-Economic Baseline — Describing Livelihoods, Land Use and Cultural Assets

Day 3: Impact Prediction and Significance

- Impact Identification Checklists and Networks — Linking Activities to Effects
- Prediction Methods and Models — Estimating Change in Air, Water and Noise
- Magnitude and Sensitivity Criteria — Rating Impact Significance Consistently
- Cumulative Impact Assessment — Accounting for Neighbouring Projects
- Uncertainty and Assumptions — Stating the Limits of Each Prediction

Day 4: Mitigation, Consultation and Management Plans

- Mitigation Hierarchy in Design — Avoiding and Minimising Before Offsetting
- Residual Impact Assessment — Judging What Remains After Mitigation
- Public Consultation and Disclosure — Recording and Answering Stakeholder Concerns
- Environmental Management Plan Structure — Assigning Actions, Monitoring and Owners
- Grievance Mechanisms — Handling Community Complaints During Construction

Day 5: Practising the Environmental Impact Statement Review Matrix

- Applying Screening and Scoping to a Case Project — Setting Study Scope
- Applying Significance Criteria — Rating Predicted Impacts in a Sample Statement
- Applying the EMP Template — Converting Mitigation Into Site Actions
- Impact Statement Structure and Non-Technical Summary — Writing for Decision Makers
- Environmental Impact Statement Review Matrix — Grading Chapters and Listing Gaps

Applying Environmental Impact Assessment After the Course

- Lead a scoping session for a current or proposed project using a scoping matrix and record the issues requiring detailed study.
- Review an existing impact statement with the review matrix and list the baseline, significance and mitigation gaps for its authors.

Environmental Impact Assessment Questions FAQ

What is environmental impact assessment and why does it matter now?

Environmental impact assessment is the structured process of predicting and evaluating a project's effects on the environment and people before approval. It matters now because permitting bodies, lenders and communities look harder at the quality of impact statements.

Which roles gain most from environmental impact assessment training?

Environmental consultants, project planners and HSE specialists gain most from environmental impact assessment training, together with reviewers who check statements before submission.

How does environmental impact assessment differ from an environmental audit course?

Environmental impact assessment predicts the effects of a proposed project before it is built. An environmental audit course checks how an operating site already performs against its permits and procedures.

What do you bring back from environmental impact assessment training?

You bring back an Environmental Impact Statement Review Matrix that grades each chapter of a statement and lists the gaps to close before submission.

Environmental Impact Assessment: The Way Forward

The Environmental Impact Statement Review Matrix first informs whether a draft statement is ready for submission or needs further baseline or mitigation work. Authors, reviewers and project planners use it to agree what each chapter must show. After its first use, revisit the significance criteria against the comments that permitting bodies return, on an industrial plant or an infrastructure scheme alike.