JUPITER PRIME

Consulting • Training • Advisory

جوبيتر برايم للاستشارات والتدريب

COURSE BROCHURE

Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders Training Course

17 – 21 October 2027
Kuala Lumpur

jupiterprime.uk

info@jupiterprime.uk

Registered in the United Kingdom and Saudi Arabia

Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders Training Course

Ref: 1130_42568 **Date:** 17 – 21 October 2027 **Location:** Kuala Lumpur **Fees:** 4600 GBP

Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders is a 1-week training course for buyers, tender officers and sourcing specialists who run tenders from specification to award, and it ends with a tender negotiation brief ready for their next sourcing event. Tighter budgets, fewer qualified bidders in some markets and closer audit scrutiny now make every concession a buyer grants visible. Jupiter Prime Training offers this course on buyer negotiation skills for competitive tenders.

Why Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders Matters Now

Three pressures shape the buyer's seat at the tender table: budget holders who expect measurable savings, bidders who arrive well briefed and rehearsed, and internal auditors who check that every award and clarification was fair. Buyers who prepare their negotiating position as carefully as their tender documents secure better terms without reopening the competition; buyers who improvise leave value behind or expose the award to challenge. The course draws on principled negotiation, the Best Alternative to a Negotiated Agreement BATNA, the Zone of Possible Agreement ZOPA and ISO 20400 sustainable procurement guidance for fair supplier treatment.

Who Gains Most from Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders

- Buyers who prepare tender packs and lead clarification meetings with bidders
- Tender officers who manage bid opening, compliance checks and evaluation records
- Sourcing specialists who negotiate price, delivery and payment terms with shortlisted suppliers
- Technical evaluators who join commercial discussions on specification trade-offs
- Contract administrators who inherit the terms agreed at award

Purchasing departments gain most when buyers and technical evaluators attend together, because they learn to split commercial and technical concessions before meeting a bidder.

Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders Capabilities

Participants learn to treat the tender as the first stage of a negotiation, building leverage through specification, bidder shortlisting and a planned set of concessions.

- Specify requirements and award criteria that leave room for later negotiation — fair competition and audit defensibility
- Calculate the buyer's BATNA and reservation point for each tender — walk-away decisions with the budget holder
- Assess bids against weighted criteria and spot negotiable gaps — shortlisting decisions with evaluators
- Design a concession plan that trades lower-value items for priority terms — negotiation mandates from management
- Apply questioning and anchoring techniques during clarification meetings — price and scope discussions with bidders
- Communicate negotiated changes in a clear award record — contract administrators and internal audit

Key Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders Terms

- BATNA — the best option a buyer can pursue if the current negotiation fails, such as re-tendering or awarding to the next bidder.
- Reservation point — the least favourable price or terms a buyer will accept before walking away from a bidder.
- ZOPA — the range between buyer and bidder reservation points where an agreement both sides can accept exists.
- Concession plan — a prepared list of what a buyer can give, its value to each side and what it should be traded for.
- Post-tender clarification — a controlled exchange with a bidder to confirm or adjust details of a submitted offer without breaching fairness.
- Anchoring — opening with a firm, reasoned figure that frames the rest of the price discussion.

Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders Day by Day

Day 1: The Tender as a Negotiation Stage

- Tender Lifecycle Map — Locating Negotiation Points From Specification to Award
- Market Sounding Notes — Judging Bidder Numbers and Supplier Power
- Specification Drafting — Leaving Room for Alternative Offers and Variants
- Award Criteria Weighting — Balancing Price, Quality and Delivery Risk
- ISO 20400 Fair Treatment Principles — Keeping Negotiation Open and Even-Handed

Day 2: Evaluating Bids and Finding Leverage

- Bid Compliance Checklist — Separating Valid Offers From Non-Compliant Ones
- Weighted Scoring Matrix — Ranking Bidders Transparently
- Price Breakdown Analysis — Spotting Inflated Lines and Hidden Costs
- Total Cost of Ownership Comparison — Looking Beyond the Headline Price
- Bidder Shortlist Decision — Choosing Who to Invite to Negotiate

Day 3: Preparing the Negotiating Position

- BATNA and Reservation Point Calculation — Setting the Walk-Away Limit
- ZOPA Estimation — Reading the Bidder's Likely Limits
- Concession Planning Grid — Trading Low-Cost Gives for High-Value Gets
- Negotiation Mandate Paper — Securing Authority From the Budget Holder
- Team Roles Allocation — Lead Negotiator, Note-Taker and Technical Adviser

Day 4: Conducting Negotiation With Shortlisted Bidders

- Anchoring and Opening Offers — Framing Price and Payment Discussions
- Questioning and Active Listening — Uncovering Bidder Interests and Constraints
- Handling Pressure Tactics — Responding to Deadlines, Bundling and Walk-Outs
- Post-Tender Clarification Protocol — Adjusting Offers Without Breaching Fairness
- Agreement Summary Note — Confirming Terms Before Award

Day 5: Practising the Tender Negotiation Brief

- Construction Materials Case — Negotiating Delivery Schedules and Price Escalation
- IT Services Case — Trading Service Levels Against Payment Terms
- Live Negotiation Simulation — Applying Anchoring and Concession Plans
- Peer Debrief Session — Reviewing Concessions Given and Value Gained
- Tender Negotiation Brief — Completing Position, Mandate and Concession Plan

Applying Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders After the Course

- Prepare a BATNA, reservation point and concession plan for the next tender before bids are opened, and agree them with the budget holder.
- Introduce a post-tender clarification protocol and agreement summary note for every negotiated award in the department.

Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders Questions FAQ

What are buyer negotiation skills for competitive tenders and why do they matter now?

Buyer negotiation skills for competitive tenders are the methods buyers use to prepare, conduct and record negotiations with bidders. They matter now because savings targets and audit scrutiny both rise, so buyers must gain value while keeping every award fair.

Which roles gain most from buyer negotiation skills for competitive tenders training?

Buyers, tender officers and sourcing specialists gain most. You benefit if you evaluate bids, meet shortlisted suppliers or set negotiation mandates for tenders.

How does buyer negotiation skills for competitive tenders training differ from a tender committee course?

It works at buyer level, before and during supplier meetings. A senior tender committee course focuses on award decisions and governance; this course builds the buyer's negotiating position, concession plan and conduct at the table.

What do you bring back from buyer negotiation skills for competitive tenders training?

You bring back a negotiation brief for a real tender. It sets out your BATNA, reservation point, concession plan and negotiation mandate, ready to agree with your budget holder.

Buyer Negotiation Skills for Competitive Tenders: The Way Forward

The tender negotiation brief first informs whether to negotiate with one bidder or several, and where the walk-away limit sits. Buyers use it with budget holders and technical evaluators before each supplier meeting. After its first use, revisit the concession values and the shortlist logic, as bidder behaviour often differs from what the estimates assumed.