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COURSE BROCHURE

Energy Management System Implementation Training Course

20 – 24 June 2027
Online

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Registered in the United Kingdom and Saudi Arabia

Energy Management System Implementation Training Course

Ref: 2616_99499 **Date:** 20 – 24 June 2027 **Location:** Online **Fees:** 2900 GBP

Energy Management System Implementation is a 1-week training course for energy managers, utility engineers and site improvement leads who must turn scattered savings projects into a managed, auditable routine, ending with a named energy management system implementation plan. Rising energy costs, decarbonisation targets and investor scrutiny now make energy performance a board-level measure rather than a maintenance concern. Jupiter Prime Training delivers this course on Energy Management System Implementation.

Why Energy Management System Implementation Matters Now

Three forces shape this subject today: volatile fuel and electricity tariffs, corporate emission targets that need verified evidence, and customers who ask suppliers for credible energy data. Organisations that run energy as a disciplined cycle keep recurring savings and can defend their figures; those relying on isolated retrofits see gains erode within months. The course rests on the plan-do-check-act improvement cycle and on recognised international practice for energy reviews, normalised baselines and energy performance indicators, applied to factories and offices alike.

Who Gains Most from Energy Management System Implementation

- Engineers responsible for metering, sub-metering and the analysis of significant energy uses on a site
- Energy coordinators who set objectives, targets and action plans for buildings or production lines
- Maintenance and operations leads who control the equipment and practices that drive consumption
- Procurement and design specialists who buy energy-using assets and services
- Internal auditors and quality leads who verify that energy controls work as written

A cross-functional energy team from one site gains most when its members attend together.

Energy Management System Implementation Capabilities

Participants move from a one-off energy audit to a measured, self-correcting routine.

- Assess energy sources, consumption patterns and significant energy uses — the scope and boundary decisions of top management
- Calculate normalised energy baselines with relevant variables such as production volume and degree days — performance reporting to finance
- Design energy performance indicators at site, process and equipment level — operational targets for line managers
- Specify operational controls, competence needs and energy criteria for purchasing — procurement and maintenance choices
- Build a monitoring, measurement and verification routine for savings claims — credibility with auditors and lenders
- Test the system through an internal audit and management review — corrective actions and resource allocation

Key Energy Management System Implementation Terms

- Energy review — An analysis of energy use that identifies significant uses and improvement opportunities.
- Significant energy use — An area of substantial consumption or improvement potential, selected by set criteria.
- Energy baseline — A quantified reference of energy performance used to compare later results.
- Energy performance indicator — A measure, such as kilowatt-hours per tonne, that tracks energy performance.
- Relevant variable — A factor, such as output or outdoor temperature, that significantly affects consumption.
- Management review — A periodic top management evaluation of energy results, audit findings and resources.

Energy Management System Implementation Day by Day

Day 1: Context, Policy and Scope

- Plan-Do-Check-Act Cycle — Structuring Energy Management as a Continual Routine
- Organisational Context and Interested Parties — Setting Energy Priorities and Boundaries
- Energy Policy Statement — Committing Top Management to Measurable Improvement
- Energy Team Charter and Roles — Assigning Authority Across Engineering and Operations
- Legal and Other Requirements Register — Tracking Obligations That Affect Energy Use

Day 2: Energy Review and Significant Uses

- Metering Hierarchy and Data Collection — Choosing Where Sub-Metering Pays Back
- Energy Balance and Sankey Diagram — Locating the Largest Consumers on Site
- Significant Energy Use Criteria — Selecting Equipment for Focused Control
- Opportunity Register for Motors, Steam and Air — Ranking Savings by Cost and Effort
- Risk and Opportunity Assessment — Linking Energy Issues to Business Objectives

Day 3: Baselines, Indicators and Targets

- Regression Modelling of Relevant Variables — Normalising Consumption for Fair Comparison
- Energy Baseline Selection and Adjustment Rules — Keeping Comparisons Valid After Change
- Site, Process and Equipment Indicators — Matching Measures to Accountable Managers
- Objectives, Targets and Action Plans — Funding Projects With Clear Owners
- Cumulative Sum Control Charts — Detecting Drift Before Savings Erode

Day 4: Operational Control and Verification

- Operating Criteria for Significant Uses — Setting Limits for Shifts and Maintenance
- Energy-Aware Design and Procurement Criteria — Weighing Life-Cycle Energy in Purchases
- Competence and Awareness Matrix — Targeting Training to Roles That Drive Use
- Measurement and Verification Plan — Proving Savings to Finance and Lenders
- Document and Record Control — Keeping Evidence Ready for Audit

Day 5: Practising the Implementation Plan

- Internal Audit Checklist and Sampling — Testing Controls Built on Earlier Days
- Nonconformity and Corrective Action Log — Closing Gaps Found in Audit
- Management Review Agenda and Inputs — Securing Resources From Top Management
- Phased Roll-Out Across Sites — Sequencing Scope Using the Energy Review
- Energy Management System Implementation Plan — Completing the Team's Roll-Out Route

Applying Energy Management System Implementation After the Course

- Lead an energy review of one site, confirm its significant energy uses and publish a normalised baseline with two or three indicators.
- Run a first internal audit against the energy controls agreed on site and present the corrective actions at a management review.

Energy Management System Implementation Questions FAQ

What is Energy Management System Implementation and why does it matter now?

It is the work of building a repeatable cycle of energy policy, review, targets, control and audit inside an organisation. It matters now because costs and emission targets demand verified, sustained improvement.

Which roles gain most from Energy Management System Implementation training?

Energy managers, utility and maintenance engineers, operations leads and internal auditors gain most. Examples come from manufacturing plants and commercial buildings.

How does Energy Management System Implementation differ from an energy audit course?

It goes beyond finding savings. An energy audit course identifies opportunities at one point in time; this course builds the routine that keeps savings in place.

What do you bring back from Energy Management System Implementation training?

You bring back a structured roll-out route for your own site. It covers scope, baselines, indicators, controls and audit.

Energy Management System Implementation: The Way Forward

The energy management system implementation plan sets out scope, significant uses, baselines, indicators, controls and audit dates for one site. Its first decision is which significant energy uses receive metering and operating limits. Energy coordinators and plant managers use it. After the first management review, revisit the indicators and baseline adjustment rules as production patterns change.